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It Soothes and Relieves Like a Mustard Plaster Without the Burn or Sting.

MUSTEROLE is a clean, white ointment, made with the oil of mustard. It does all the work of the old-fashioned mustard plaster—does it better and does not blister. You do not have to rub it in with a cloth. You simply rub it on and usually the pain is gone.

Doctors and nurses use MUSTEROLE and recommend it to their patients.

They will gladly tell you what relief it gives from Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Croup, Ruff Neck, Asthma, Neuritis, Rheumatism, Pains and Aches of the Back or Joints, Sprains, Stomach Troubles, Chills, Chills, Toothache, Cuts of the Chest, (it often prevents pneumonia).

At your druggist's, in 25c and 50c jars, and a special large hospital size for \$1.50.

Be sure you get the genuine MUSTEROLE. Refuse imitations—get what you ask for. The Musterole Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

MUSTEROLE
WILL NOT BLISTER

Acute Articular Rheumatism

The exact cause of rheumatism is unknown, though it is generally believed to be due to an excess of uric acid in the blood. It may be also said with equal truth that no remedy has been found which is a specific in all cases. In fact the literature of rheumatism shows that there are but few drugs which have not been given a trial. In the hands of one observer we find that a certain drug has been used with the utmost satisfaction, others have found the same remedy to be a great disappointment. All physicians however have agreed that every method of treatment is to be tried, and the administration of some remedy to relieve the pain and quiet the nervous system and Dr. W. S. Schuller advises the opinion of thousands of practitioners who have used A-K Tablets. Tablets should be given preference over all other remedies for the relief of the pain in all forms of rheumatism. These tablets can be purchased in any quantity. They are also packaged in headache, neuritis and all pains. Ask for A-K Tablets.

THREE EXECUTED FOR MURDER OF AUSTRIAN HEIR

Prinzip, Who Actually Assassinated Archduke Francis Ferdinand, Is Serving 20 Year Prison Sentence.

Amsterdam, Feb. 3. (By London dispatch) Feb. 3, 2:43 a. m.—A Berlin dispatch received here says that the execution of three of the conspirators in the assassination of Archduke Francis Ferdinand, heir apparent to the Austrian throne, took place on Wednesday in the prison of the court fortress at Sarajevo, Bosnia. The men put to death were Veljko Cubrilovic, Miko Jovanovic and Danilo Ilic. Two others who had been found guilty of high treason and sentenced to death were Janko Siliacki and Nedjo Kerovic. Their sentences later were commuted to imprisonment for life and for twenty years respectively.

Gavrilo Princip, the Bosnian student who actually shot the archduke and his wife, was sentenced to life imprisonment, and is undergoing a sentence of twenty years' imprisonment, having been found guilty on account of his youth to sentence him to death.

BEST WAY TO COMBAT LIVESTOCK DISEASE

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 2.—Promptness in reporting symptoms of the foot and mouth disease to state and national authorities was urged as the only way to prevent epidemics by Dr. M. Dorset, head of the technical bureau of the United States department of agriculture, who spoke at the meeting of the Missouri Valley Veterinary association here today.

Dr. Dorset also stressed the nationwide campaign for the control of foot and mouth disease which is being waged in the United States. He said that the disease is being spread by the movement of infected stock from one state to another, and that the only way to prevent its spread is by prompt reporting of symptoms to the authorities.

"In these three counties the increase in the number of cases was better than forty per cent and the death rate was decreased about eighty per cent, showing the effectiveness of the work," Dr. Dorset said.

Why Are Ten Tons of Quinine Used Every Year?

This enormous quantity of Quinine alone (representing about 1-30th of all the Quinine produced in the world) is required for the preparation of Laxative Bromo Quinine, Seven Million (7,000,000) Boxes of which are used every year because of its extraordinary merit.

Whenever you feel a cold coming on think of the name Laxative Bromo Quinine

—but remember there is Only One
"Bromo Quinine"
That is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Look for this signature on the box. Price 25c.
C. W. Grover

DEMOCRATS HAVE NOT ABANDONED ALL HOPE OF PASSING BILL

Republicans Declare Ship Purchase Program Is Defeated Beyond Possibility of Recovery.

SENATOR STONE READS LECTURE TO BOLTERS

Missouri Statesman Defends the President's Indianapolis Jackson Day Speech and Lambasts Critics Severely.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Plans of administration democrats to pass the government ship purchase bill went awry today in the senate, but champions of the measure had not abandoned hope of success in an effort to recommit the bill with definite instructions for its amendment.

The reviving democrats flatly refused to accept the concessions of the majority agreed upon in the secret caucus last night, and the majority leaders discovered early in the day that they could not muster enough votes for their program to defeat the opposition of republicans and insurgent democrats, seeking to send the bill to committee without instructions, to be considered for the session. Then the party leaders determined to hold off the vote and agreed in the meantime to openly criticize the severe demerit which the ship purchase bill program has overturned the shipping bill program last Monday.

Senator Stone of Missouri, was selected for this task, and he delivered a long speech on the floor of the senate, bitterly attacking the "recent democrats who had endeavored to unhorse their party." He particularly attacked Senator Clarke of Arkansas, whom he described as the leader in the revolt, and Senator Camden of Kentucky, declaring they had entered into a secret agreement with the republicans to deprive him of his right to vote against the ship purchase bill. Senator Camden also replied declaring he was willing to let his constituents pass upon his record and adding that a denunciation of secrecy came "with ill grace" from the senator from Missouri who is known the world over as "Gumshoe Bill."

While Senator Stone was speaking Senator Kern, Simmons, Fletcher, Martin and others were working like Trojan to prevent a vote being taken until some absent democrats could return to Washington, or until assurance of enough insurgent republican support could be procured to insure temporary victory even though victory might not be effective in averting another filibuster from the republican side.

In their estimate of the situation tonight, the democrats were counting upon Senator Norris to vote for their amendment to the recommitment motion. Senator Kern, whose support they had hoped for, was not to be with them nor will any of the seven insurgent democrats. Senator La Follette is regarded as certain, however, to vote with the democratic majority. Tomorrow Sen. James Hamilton Lewis of Illinois, who has been absent because of illness, and Senator Smith of South Carolina, may yet return.

Hope for Success Yet.
With these votes the leaders are hopeful that the bill may be recommitted with instructions for its return within forty-eight hours with amendments to limit to one year the term for which the government might purchase ships, and to prohibit purchase of ships which might menace the neutrality of the country.

Republican senators admitted tonight that Senator Norris might vote for recommitment with instructions, but they agreed to an adjournment without attempting to force a night session, hoping that Senator Norris might be able to reach Washington tomorrow to add one more to their side of the vote should it be reached. With Senator Kern here, they felt confident that they could recommit the bill without instructions.

In any event the republican leaders insist that the bill cannot reach a vote at this session. Should the effort to recommit the bill and return it within forty-eight hours succeed, they declare, the republican attack will be resumed and kept up until the measure either is withdrawn or is killed by the adjournment of congress March 4.

Official Reports From Press Bureaus of Belligerent European Nations

GERMANY.
Berlin, Feb. 3 (by wireless to Sayville).—German army headquarters today gave out a report on the progress of the fighting, which reads as follows:

"The attacks made by the French on the German positions near Perthes have been repulsed. On the remainder of the front, the battle has been a tactical exchange."

"There have been no new developments along the East Prussian front."

"In Poland, north of the Vistula, cavalry combats by the Russians have been repulsed, while south of the Vistula, German attacks at a point east of Stolin ended with the occupation of the village of Humin (to the northeast)."

"The Russian attack on the position of Wolosko-Lawensky has been going on since February 1. In these engagements we have taken over 4,000 prisoners and captured six machine guns."

"Russian attacks at night against the German positions near the Dniepr river have been repulsed."

SOUTH AFRICA.
Cape Town, Feb. 3 (via London, Feb. 3, 1:45 a. m.).—It is officially announced that Lieutenant Colonel Kemp and his command of Boer rebels have surrendered to the British forces.

FRANCE.
Paris, Feb. 3 (1:35 p. m.).—The following official communication was issued here tonight:

"There is nothing of particular importance to report except that in Champagne three German attacks were repulsed, and the enemy retreated to the north of Meuse."

"In the Argonne a fresh attack at Rastelle was repulsed by our troops during the night of February 2-3."

"The French war office today gave out a report on the progress of the military operations, reading in part as follows:

"Between the Y and the Oise, in the section of Novettes, to the west of the French frontier, the enemy made a spirited assault from the enemy's position, but it was repulsed."

"The Germans endeavored to float down the river Aisne some rafts, starting them from a point above Avesley, which is north of Albert. We were successful in stopping these rafts before they reached the river."

"Our artillery has continued to secure excellent results in the valley of the Aisne. We have made slight progress and have taken prisoners and have repulsed a counter-attack to the west of Hill No. 299."

"In the Argonne, a second German attack took place yesterday near Rastelle, at about 6 o'clock in the evening. This was repulsed, as has been the attack previously reported and which took place at one o'clock in the afternoon."

RUSSIA.
Petrograd, Feb. 3.—Successes for the Russian army in the region of Warsaw and in the Carpathians are recounted in an official Russian statement.

Senator Kern, the majority leader tonight, "and expect to make progress tonight. The shipping bill is not dead by any means."

In denouncing his democratic colleagues Senator Stone held the senators through the lunch hour and attacked scores of members of the house who crowded in the rear of the room. He charged the seven members with open hostility to their party and declared that they had joined in an unholy alliance with the enemy.

The Missouri senator also made a vigorous defense of President Wilson and the administration, asserting that he would rather follow his leadership than that of "Ben Root, Henry Cabot Lodge, Theodore Roosevelt, William Edgar Borah, Jacob Gallinger, who goes about with a dagger in his sleeve."

Thomas Wants Closure.
Senator Thomas of Colorado, made a plea for a closure rule in the senate and asserted that without a change in the rules the senate would continue to be bound and shackled by filibusters.

Just before adjournment Senator White presented a telegram from the Alabama legislature, announcing the adoption of a resolution by the body urging passage of the ship bill. Senator Rankin of Alabama, was one of the seven democrats who joined the republicans.

Boke Smith of Georgia, tonight issued a statement denying that he was opposed to the bill. "When the vice president ruled that the motion to recommit was out of order, because a call had been made for the yeas and nays," he said, "I voted against sustaining the ruling of the chair, for the rules of the senate expressly provided that a motion to recommit can be made at any time before final action in the senate upon a bill."

I have co-operated with the democratic caucus in every way to support this measure, and I expect to continue to do so, and I earnestly desire the legislation.

Defense of President.
Senator Stone, in the course of his speech, gave warning that the senate majority might invoke a closure rule to suppress continued objections to the ship bill.

"The public interest and welfare demand this at our hands. I have been always opposed to closure in the senate, but bad as I think closure would be, there is something worse. The unrestrained domination of the majority by even a minority, cohesive, unrelenting and determined to stop the wheels of legislation, might endanger the safety of the nation."

In his arraignment of the critics of the ship bill, Senator Stone referred to the president's remark that the republican party had not had a new idea in thirty years and to Senator Borah's speech at the Jackson day speech at Indianapolis.

Of the great legislation claimed by the Idaho senator for the republican party, he declared the act creating the Interstate Commerce Commission was passed when the house was democratic and President Cleveland was in the White House; that the income tax law was enacted by the republicans only after a similar act passed under a democratic administration had been held unconstitutional by the supreme court, for which the court was condemned in the next democratic national platform and after a revolutionized public sentiment had compelled republicans to change their attitude.

The resolution submitting the amendment for direct election of senators, he said, was introduced by Representative Rucker of Missouri, a democrat, and of the sixteen members of the house who voted against it, two were Speaker Cannon and Republican Leader Nathan.

"Nothing so sure the gall or upsets"

GOVERNMENT IN NEED OF ADVICE FROM BUSINESS MEN OF COUNTRY

President Wilson Delivers Address Before Annual Convention of Chambers of Commerce of United States.

COOPERATION OF ALL INTERESTS NECESSARY

Strong Ethical Lecture Is Delivered on Economic Problems Confronting People of United States.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Co-operation between business and the government in framing laws for the benefit of the people, was urged by President Wilson tonight in an address before several hundred representative business men, here attending the annual convention of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

He declared that "we must all pool our interests" in order to discover the best means for handling public problems.

The creation in the United States in time of peace of the same kind of spirit which moves nations during wars was advocated by the president, who remarked that "when peace is as handsome as war there will be no wars," and "when men engage in the pursuit of peace in the same spirit of self sacrifice as they engage in wars, wars will disappear."

The president predicted that while there is a shortage of food in the world now, the shortage will be much greater later. He pointed out that under the guidance of the department of agriculture efforts must be made by farmers in the United States to grow more grain, in order that the world may be fed.

Speaking of the foreign trade of the United States, the president asked that business men devise some way of allowing exporters in the United States to combine to secure common selling agencies, and to give long time credits in such a way that these co-operative devices may be open to the use of all. He declared that apparently the anti-trust laws prohibit such combinations now, but he would favor a change if a method for all would be found.

He spoke of the work being done by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce in "surveying the world" for the benefit of all business men. Business men themselves are to blame if intelligent laws affecting them are not framed, the president asserted. He added that they should come out into the open and use their knowledge of conditions to bring about fair laws to prevent business evils.

The Mexican question was mentioned by Mr. Wilson as an example of the difficulty he had in getting accurate information.

Would Be One of Them.
"I would prefer you would receive me as if for the time being I were one of your own number," the president said, "because the longer I occupy the office that I now occupy, the more I regret any lines of separation, the more I regret any lines of separation."

(Continued on Page Three.)

ROCKEFELLER, SR., RARELY MEETS PERSONAL STAFF

Close, Confidential Agent of Oil Magnate Has Talked With Him Only Twice During Last Five Years.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE.
New York, Feb. 3.—John D. Rockefeller, executive board member of the United Mine Workers' of America from the district which includes Colorado, told the federal commission on industrial relations that the reason the Colorado Fuel & Iron company and other operators refused to deal with organized labor was that they realized that the unions would force them to obey the mining laws, which, he said, they had repeatedly violated.

Mr. Rockefeller, who was a witness last week, was recalled to the stand after Mrs. Mary Rockefeller and Mrs. Margaret Boninski, the wives of Colorado miners, had told the story of Ludlow and the battle there as they had seen it.

Mrs. Rockefeller's three children were smothered to death in a sulfur-reducer chamber where they had been hidden when the tent colony was burned.

Mr. Rockefeller said that the only reason the operators had granted the miners anything was because "they had seen the handwriting on the wall, placed there by the unions."

He testified he held in his hand copies of twelve Colorado mining laws. Each of these, he said, had been broken many times by the operators. The operators realized, he asserted, that the unions would only force them to obey the statutes, but would prevent them from importing vast numbers of workers from southern Europe, who had never seen a mine before, and thus paying them what they pleased, working them as long as they pleased and keeping them in a state of poverty for the rest of their lives.

Defends Work of Foundation.
Jerome D. Greene, secretary of the Rockefeller Foundation and formerly a member of the personal staff of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., occupied the witness stand all during the morning session and a part of the afternoon session. He defended the policies and policies of the Rockefeller Foundation and the aims and ideas of its founders.

He admitted that the foundation could, within the scope of the charter granted it by the New York legislature, do many things incompatible with the "general interests of the public," such as conducting propaganda against organized labor or a campaign against compensation for workmen. But he declared that there was not even a remote possibility that such things would ever happen.

Mr. Greene said that while until the first of the year he was a member of Rockefeller's personal staff, he had seen his employer but twice in the last five years. Mr. Greene said he considered the trouble in Colorado to be economic.

At the afternoon session Mr. Greene said that the figures quoted yesterday by Mr. Costigan in regard to how much financial interest the Rockefeller Foundation had in Colorado were wrong. He denied further that the foundation was in any way a factor in the conditions in Colorado.

Mr. Greene, in discussing the characteristics of Mr. Rockefeller, Sr., said: "He is open-minded. He might reverse his own opinion. If anyone is open to suggestions from everyone. Even the officeboy might offer a suggestion he would take."

"How often do you see Mr. Rockefeller, Sr.?" asked Commissioner Walsh.

"Very rarely. I think I have seen him just twice in the last five years."

"Did you ever hear that Mr. Gates, who used to attend to all of Mr. Rockefeller's business, saw Mr. Rockefeller once in eight years?"

"That statement surprises me," replied the witness. "I never heard of that. Mr. Lee has seen Mr. Rockefeller twice. Mr. Starr J. Murphy sees Mr. Rockefeller frequently."

Why Refuge for Birds.
The personal staff usually communicated with Mr. Rockefeller through his son or in writing, the witness said. As for the refuge for birds, Mr. Greene said there appeared to be considerable criticism of it. The reason the refuge was established was, he said, because of the danger of insect-eating birds being slaughtered by hunters at times of migration. Agricultural interests demanded that the birds be protected, he said.

Bread Riots Becoming Grave.
Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 3 (10:45 a. m.).—Riots growing out of the agitation over the high price of bread are assuming a grave character. Crowds today went about the streets sacking the stores. Strong reinforcements of troops have been called out to maintain order.

ENLOE OFFERED PRESIDENCY OF KANSAS COLLEGE

Head of Silver City Normal Receives Flattering Proposition; Withholds Decision Until Saturday.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL.
Santa Fe, Feb. 3.—E. L. Enloe, president of the state normal school of Silver City, this morning received a telegram offering him the presidency of the state normal school at Pittsburg, Kan., at \$2,500 a year and a free residence.

Dr. Enloe, who is in attendance upon the meeting of the state board of education, of which he is a member, has asked until Saturday to give his answer. He was only recently elected president of the school at Silver City and is one of the state's most successful and popular educators.

Teachers' Certificates.
The board of education today finished certification of teachers, and also issued some fifty certificates to institute instructors. It designated Superintendent Alvan N. White as a committee of one to draft a form of procedure for the selection of text books for the schools. Dr. David H. Boyd asked the board to define definitely what studies university students should pursue in order to obtain authority to teach advanced branches in the schools.

In an interview tonight Dr. Boyd denied the report that he will ask the legislature for an appropriation at this time to establish professional schools of teachers and medicine at the university, but he will ask additional funds for carrying on the work of the institution, as well as an appropriation for a modern heating system, beautifying the campus and rebuilding the hall.

The board decided to give institute credit to teachers visiting the Pacific coast exhibitions, provided they will write a thousand word essay on what they saw at the exposition and turn it in to Superintendent of Public Instruction White.

Greece Is Mobilizing.
London, Feb. 3 (9:30 p. m.).—A wireless dispatch from Berlin says the Berliner Tageblatt reports from Constantinople that Greece is mobilizing by making mobilization preparations and continuing the fortification of her frontiers.

For Relief of Destitute.
New York, Feb. 3.—Announcement was made tonight that officers of various Jewish societies in America, and a Christian missionary association, have formed a commission to appeal for funds for the relief of the destitute inhabitants of Palestine, Syria, and adjacent regions.



Why is POSTUM Replacing Coffee?

People are waking up to the harmful effects of the powerful drug—caffeine—in coffee, which poisons the system, often resulting in nervousness, heart flutter, headache, biliousness and many other ills and discomforts.

The pure food-drink, Postum, is absolutely drug free—made only of the choicest wheat and a bit of wholesome molasses. It contains no caffeine or other harmful elements.

If you doubt that coffee hurts you, a sure test is to leave it off for 10 days and use Postum. It's an easy change, too, for Postum tastes much like the mild, high-grade Javas. As the coffee drug is eliminated from your system, your own feelings will suggest Postum and better health.

Postum comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be boiled, 15c and 25c packages; Instant Postum—soluble form, made in the cup with hot water instantly, 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious, and the cost per cup is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM
Sold by Grocers Everywhere.